

Kentucky Gazette.

NUMB. XXXVII.]

Quicquid agunt homines—nostri farrago libelli. Juv. Sat. 8. v. 85.

[VOL. VII.]

SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1794.

LEXINGTON; Printed by JOHN BRADFORD, at his Office on Croft Street; where Subscriptions, (at Fifteen Shillings per Annum) Advertisements &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in its different branches done with care and expedition.

War Department.

Accountants office,
March 31st 1794.

WHEREAS complaints have been made to the Secretary for the department of War, that the several parties of the Militia of Kentucky called in to service between 25th April and 25th August 1791, commanded by Capt. Rodas Thompson, Capt. David Williams, Ensign John Jamieson, Capt. Byram Routt, Capt. Bladen Ashby, Lieut. John Blane, Ensign Robert Knox, Capt. Thomas McClanahan, Lieut. John Petty, Ensign Benjamin Howard, and Lieut. Squire Grant's detachment, from 25th of August to 5th September 1791, inclusive, have not received their pay for said service. This is therefore to give notice that on the 10th day of July 1793, William Morton of Kentucky aforesaid, on his bond with sufficient security, did receive on the warrant of the Secretary of War, from the Treasurer of the United States, the full amount due to the said Militia for the said service, for the purpose of paying the same, with instructions to notify by general advertisement in the Gazette, and at places of public resort, where and how it was to be paid.

Therefore all persons concerned are hereby notified to call for payment on the said William Morton, either in person or by legal Attorney, expressing that the money is to be received for the use of the original claimant, as by a law of the United States, passed 8th May 1792, it is enacted that no assignment of pay made after the 1st day of June of that year by a non-commissioned officer or private, shall be valid.

By direction of the Secretary for the department of war,
JOSEPH HOWELL, Accountant.
P. S. The pay of the Scouts will be discharged at this office upon their legal power of attorney jointly given, accompanied by the muster and pay rolls and qualifications of their service, as directed by the Secretary of War, in his instructions to County Lieutenants.
JOSEPH HOWELL.

NOTICE, to the officers and privates of Capt. Rodas Thompson, Capt. Thos. McClanahan's, Capt. Byram Routt's, and Capt. Bladen Ashby's Companies—Lieut. John Blain's and Ensign Robert Knox's Command, for services in the year 1791—Also the Detachment under Lieut. Squire Grant in the same year, that as the time is approaching when my Vouchers are to be exhibited, I have now sent forward the balance of money &c. to the War Office, and that I will not pay any claims after this date.
WILL. MORTON.

24th April, 1794.

WANTED (at the Paper-mill in Georgetown) four or five Apprentice Boys, between the age of twelve and seventeen years. Any such who can come well recommended, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to
Craig, Parkers & Co.

Oct. 2. if
I NOW revoke, all and every Power of Attorney, given by me to Andrew Hare, or any other person to sell lands for me.
M. NAGLE.
April 18, 1794.

THE subscribers intending to remove to Kentucky in spring, and wishing to see Manufactures (as well as trade and commerce) flourish in that country, have purchased and are now sending off a number of French Burr Millstones, which they will take down the river with them, together with superfine Bolting Cloths &c. They purpose also to establish in Lexington a Nail Manufactory on a large scale as to supply the whole of Kentucky with Nails of every kind. They will also establish a Gun Manufactory, and a Rope Manufactory in said town, and supply the inhabitants on lower term with their manufactures from these articles has hitherto been furnished.

THOMAS HART & SON.
Feb. 18 1794.
TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Lincoln County, a gray MARE, three years old, about thirteen hands high, no brand perceivable; appraised to 5l.
WILLIAM MONTGOMERY.
September 28, 1793.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Madison county, one three year old bull, with a crop in the right ear, a slit in the left mixed with white and red hairs, the molt white, with a red spot on the near shoulder, appraised to four dollars.
JOSEPH PHELPS.
April 1.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Clarke county, near the mouth of Boone's creek, a white MARE, fourteen hands high, 12 years old, no brand perceivable; appraised to 8l.
SAMUEL TALBOT.

March 19.
An Apprentice wanted.

AN active lad, between the age of twelve and sixteen years, who can come well recommended, will be taken as an Apprentice to the Cabinet business, by
JESSE HEAD.
Next door to Doctor
Downings, Lexington.

TAKEN up by the subscriber living near the Clerks' office, a bay horse, about 3 years old, no brand perceivable, appraised to 4l 5s.
Jacob Rafor.
Fayette, May 13, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on the Kentucky river, in Woodford county, a bright bay MARE, six or seven years old thirteen hands and a half high, branded on the near buttock R a star on her off shoulder; appraised to 6l.
JOHN MOSBY.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Woodford county, a sorrel MARE, nearly fifteen hands high, a large blaze in her face, no brand perceivable, about eleven years old; appraised to 6l. 10s.
CHARLES SCOTT.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Woodford county, a red and white HEIFER, about two years old, a crop and underkilled in the right ear, and a half spade in the left; appraised to one pound five shillings.

JESSE BROWN.
February 10.

TAKEN up by the subscriber near Gen. Scott's in Woodford county, a brown MARE, about 3 years old last spring, about 14 hands high, neither docked nor branded, trots naturally; appraised to 7l.
NICHOLAS MOSBY.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Col. Johnson's mill, Scott county, a bay MARE, 3 years old last spring, neither docked nor branded to be perceived, about thirteen hands and a half high, a small star in her forehead and a large spot, the near hind foot white; appraised to 6l. 10s.
ELISHA THOMAS.

February 17.
TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Harrison county, about four miles below Cynthiaana; four strays, viz:
A red COW, four years old this spring, marked with two under half crops; appraised to two pounds fifteen shillings.

A dark brown HEIFER, two years old, marked as above, has a star in her forehead, four white feet; appraised to one pound ten shillings.

A black brindled COW, with a young CALF, has a star in her forehead, three white feet and a small white spot on her left shoulder, marked as above; appraised to three pounds.

DANIEL McKINNON.
February 17.

TAKEN up by the subscriber on Clear Creek Woodford County, a bay Mare COLT, two years old, thirteen hands high, blaze face, two white feet, a black spot on the off thigh, branded on the near buttock M; appraised to 5l.
Likewise a bay Horse COLT, one year old, ten hands high, no brand or flesh mark; appraised to 3l.

WARREN CASH.

March 15.
TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the Town fork of Elk-horn, Fayette, a bay MARE, three years old, about thirteen hands and a half high, has white on the near hind foot; appraised to seven pounds.

JESSE BEAUCHAMP.

May 1.
TAKEN up by the subscriber, living near M'Bride's mill, on South Elkhorn; a black MARE, about six years old, thirteen hands and a half high, a small saddle mark on the left side of her back, a small white spot on her left hind foot, no perceivable brand, paces; appraised to four pounds fifteen shillings.

THOMAS IRWIN.

March 17.

To be Sold
To the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 22d day of July, Four Hundred, unimproved LOTS
In the Town of FALMOUTH,
Situate at the junction of the South and Main fork of Licking, in the County of Harrison.

The terms will be made known at the day of sale. The sale to commence in said town and continue until the sale is completed.

The situation of this place is well known to need a particular description; let it suffice to say, that it is advantageous, as to navigation, and other conveniences, is equal to any in the State.

By order of the board,
JOHN COOK, Chairman.
Telfe
JOHN WALLER, Clerk 3s 6d

To be Sold,
A LOT OF GROUND
In Lexington, situate
AT the corner of Main and Mulberry Streets; containing forty feet front and thirteen poles and a half back, with an elegant BRICK HOUSE, forty by thirty, two stories high, four rooms below and three above, a convenient Cellar, a Stable and other necessary houses. For terms apply to RICHARD STEEL near Lexington.

ADAM STEEL.
May 4.

On Saturday the 24th instant a numerous meeting of respectable Citizens from different parts of this State assembled in Lexington; and after taking into consideration the degraded and deserted situation of this Country, both as to its commerce and protection; and coolly deliberating thereon, the following Resolutions were adopted:—

Resolved,

1. That the inhabitants West of the Appalachian mountains, are entitled by nature and by stipulation, to the free and undisturbed Navigation of the River Mississippi.

2. That from the year 1783 until this time, the enjoyment of this right has been uniformly prevented, by the Spaniards.

3. That the General Government whose duty it was to have put us in possession of this right, have, either through design or mistaken policy, adopted no effectual measures for its attainment.

4. That even the measures they have adopted, have been uniformly concealed from us, and veiled in mysterious secrecy.

5. That civil liberty is prostituted, when the servants of the people, are suffered to tell their masters, that communications which they may judge important, ought not to be intrusted to them.

6. That we have a right to expect and demand, that Spain should be compelled immediately to acknowledge our right, or that an end be put to all negotiations on that subject.

7. That the injuries and insults done and offered by Great Britain to America, call loudly for redress; and that we will to the utmost of our abilities support the General Government in any attempt to obtain redress.

8. That as the voice of all Eastern America has now called on the President of the United States to demand that redress of Great Britain, Western America has a right to expect and demand, that nothing shall be considered as a satisfaction, that does not completely remove their grievances; which have a stronger claim to satisfaction, both from their atrocity and continuance.

9. That the recent appointment of the enemy of the Western country to negotiate with that nation, and the tame submission of the general government, when we alone were injured by Great Britain, make it highly necessary, that we should at this time state our just demands to the President and Congress.

10. That the inhabitants of the Western country have a right to demand, that their frontiers be protected by the general government, and that the total want of that protection which they now experience, is a grievance of the greatest magnitude.

11. That the attainment and security of these our rights, is the common cause of the Western people, and that we will unite with them in any measures that may be most expedient for that purpose.

12. Resolved, As our opinion, that measures ought immediately to be taken, to obtain the sense of the inhabitants of this State at large, that no doubt may be entertained of their opinions and determinations on these important subjects; that we may be able when it shall be necessary, to communicate as a State, with the other inhabitants of the Western Country.

13. Resolved, that it be recommended to each County in this State, to appoint a committee to give and receive communications on these subjects; to call meetings of their Counties; and when it may be judged expedient, to call upon the people to elect proper persons to represent them in Convention, for the purpose of deliberating on the

steps which will be most expedient for the attainment and security of our just rights.

By direction and in behalf of the meeting of the Citizens of the State of Kentucky.

GEORGE MUTER, Ch.

Attest

JOHN BRADFORD, Clerk.

Lexington, May 28, 1794.

A general meeting of the inhabitants of Fayette will be held in Lexington on Monday the 9th inst. to deliberate on the foregoing Resolutions, & to remove such doubts as may be in the minds of any respecting the same.

To the PRESIDENT and CONGRESS of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA;

THE REMONSTRANCE OF THE SUBSCRIBERS, CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, SHEWETH:

THAT your Remonstrants have observed with concern and indignation, the injuries and insults offered to the United States by the king of Great Britain. He has violated in important parts, that treaty of peace, the observance of which might have obliterated the remembrance of former injuries. He has, by means of his agents, supplied arms, ammunition, cloathing and provision to those merciless Savages, who have so long ravaged the Western Frontier of these States. He has interposed, unfolicited, and negotiated truces for Portugal and Holland, with the Piratical States, in order to turn the rapine of those African Barbarians solely on the American commerce. His vessels of war, and the Piratical vessels of his subjects, by his orders, in violation of the law of nations, have despoiled the commerce, and insulted the neutral flag of America. He has made no compensation for the property of citizens of these States, carried away by his troops contrary to treaty. And, that we might escape no species of injury which could be heaped on the weakest and most despicable of nations, he holds within the territory of the United States, in defiance of treaty and of right, posts fortified and garrisoned by his armies.

That these injuries and insults call loudly for redress, and that we will, to the utmost of our abilities and in any mode that can be devised, support the General Government, in the firmest and most effectual

measures, to obtain full satisfaction for all our wrongs.

That your Remonstrants, and the other Inhabitants of the United States West of the Allegany and Appalachian Mountains, are entitled by nature and stipulation to the free and undisturbed Navigation of the River Mississippi; and that from the year 1783 to this day, they have been uniformly prevented, by the Spanish King, from exercising that right. Your Remonstrants have observed, with concern, that the General Government, whose duty it was to have preserved that right, have used no effectual measures for its attainment. That even their tardy and ineffectual negotiations, have been veiled with the most mysterious secrecy. That that secrecy is a violation of the political rights of the citizen, as it declares, that the people are unfit to be entrusted with important facts relative to their rights, and that their Servants may remain from them the knowledge of those facts. Eight years are surely sufficient for the discussion of the most doubtful and disputable claim; the right to the Navigation of the Mississippi admits neither of doubt or dispute. Your Remonstrants, therefore, conceive that the negotiations on that subject have been unnecessarily lengthy, and they expect, that it be demanded, categorically, of the Spanish king, whether he will acknowledge the right of the Citizens of the United States to the free and uninterrupted Navigation of the River Mississippi, and cause all obstructions, interruption and hindrance to the exercise of that right in future to be withdrawn and avoided, that immediate answer thereto be required; and that such answer be the final period of all negotiations upon this subject.

Your Remonstrants further represent, that the encroachment of the Spaniards upon the Territory of the United States is a striking and melancholy proof of the situation to which our country will be reduced, if a tame policy should still continue to direct our councils.

Your Remonstrants join their voice to that of their

Fellow Citizens in the Atlantic States, calling for satisfaction for the injuries and insults offered to America, and they expect that such satisfaction shall extend to every injury and insult, done or offered, to any part of America by Great Britain and Spain; and as the detention of the Posts and the interruption to the Navigation of the Mississippi, are injuries and insults of the greatest atrocity and of the longest duration, they require the most particular attention to those subjects.

Your Remonstrants declare, that it is the duty of the General Government to protect the Frontiers, and that the total want of protection, which is now experienced by every part of the Western Frontier, is a grievance of the greatest magnitude and demands immediate redress.

***** Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, Feb. 5.

Yesterday the attorney and solicitors general and governors, & deputy governor of the Bank of England had an interview with the minister, at his house in Downing street, on the new bill for putting all French money into what the Jacobins call, a state of arrestation.

The prince of Cobourg is about to surrender the command of the grand army in Flanders, to the Duke of Brunswick.

The Duke of York has certainly relinquished his command in Flanders, though for what reason remains to be ascertained. Sir William Erskine retains the command pro tempore, which on the opening of the campaign, is to be given to Sir Henry Clinton.

Captain Curtis Reed 12 hours at the helm, in the Sallow, on board of which was the Marquis Cornwallis, in coming through the channel, in consequence of their being chased by a French privateer.

Prince Esterhazy passed Frankfurt on the 24th ult. and was supposed to proceed to England. The Prince is said to be sent on a private business from the Emperor. Messengers from the other allied powers are expected to assemble in London in order to concert measures with our ministry concerning the present circumstances of the war.

The Prince of Nassau, who left Peterburgh on the 16th of December, is said to be the bearer of some particular proposals from the Emperor to the allied powers respecting the present war with France.

An article from Magdebourg, says, the reason why M. La Fayette, Lameth, and the other French officers are removed from here to Glatz and Silesia, is, the expected arrival of a number of their countrymen prisoners of war. M. Lameth has enjoyed but a poor state of health ever since he came; but by the king of Prussia's leave, his mother has attended him. All those prisoners are said to have had the liberty of reading, and to have been well supplied with books from persons possessing libraries.

Mr. Burke and Mr. Windham have been lately employed in calculating the precise time it will

take to conquer France. They have proved almost to demonstration, that if the progress of the allies in every future campaign should be equal to what it has been in the last, the whole country must be subdued, and Jacobinism exterminated by the end of the year 1894; so that, allowing for a few years quarrelling, among the allies themselves about the division of the spoil, we may look forward for the blessings of peace at the close of the next century.

The Emperor of Germany has at length found it necessary to issue an order for a war tax, with the usual delusive promise of sparing the poorer class of subjects, as if it were not perfectly known to every financier in finance that every tax, either by raising the price of land and provisions, or lowering the price of labor, must fall ultimately upon the poor. He has also sent, or said that he has sent all his gold plate to the mint.

The reason of appointing the Duke of Brunswick to command the combined armies in Flanders, is supposed to be the probability of their being obliged to retreat, a branch of the art of war in which his serene highness has lately had great opportunities of improving.

FRANKFORT, January 30. The politics of the cabinet of Berlin are still wavering; the question is, will the king reinforce his army on the Rhine, or, in continuing the war, confine himself to the quota of troops which he is obliged to furnish in his double character of Prince and Elector of the Empire? By reason of the former his contingent is 24,000 men; for the Electorate of Brandenburg the contingent is 16,000, and by the treaties of alliance with the coalited powers, he has stipulated to furnish an additional force of 8000—6000 infantry and 2000 cavalry.

Field Marshal Moellendorf, appointed to the chief command of the Prussian army on the resignation of the Duke of Brunswick, arrived here last night, and immediately set out for Metz.

P A R I S, January 26. Letters from Lyons mention that the executions continue without intermission; that in four days there were 325 persons guillotined at Lyons and 339 shot.

NATIONAL CONVENTION, January 26. A deputation of Americans was admitted to the bar, and the orator demanded the pardon of Thomas Paine, that apostle of liberty, who had been proscribed in England, and whose arrest was a species of triumph to all the tyrants on the earth. His papers had been examined, and far from finding any dangerous propositions the committee had traced only the characters of that burning zeal for liberty—of that eloquence of nature and philosophy—and of those principles of public morality, which had thro' life procured him the hatred of despots and the love of his fellow citizens. They demanded therefore, with confidence that Thomas Payne, should be restored to the fraternal embrace of his fellow citizens, and they offered themselves sureties for his conduct during the short time that he should remain in France.

The President, after a high compliment to the American people, said, "You demand from us Thomas Payne—you are anxious to reconduct to your own fields the asserter of the Rights of Man—we must applaud this generous devotion—Thomas Paine was born in England; that was enough to subject him to the decree in his infancy, which our own safety demanded by the revolutionary laws. The Convention will take into consideration your demand."

American News.

ELIZABETH-TOWN, May 3.

The Earl of Stanhope, on the 23d of January last, in the English house of Lords, made a motion for acknowledging the French Republic, in the following words:—"That an humble address be presented to his Majesty, to discontinue hostilities, as it appeared from an article of the French constitution, that her government did not mean to interfere in changing any government, nor suffer any power to alter that which she had formed, praying that his Majesty, seeing the destructive nature of the war, and the delusive hope held out of success, would order his Ministers immediately to acknowledge the French republic."—This motion was introduced with a long speech, in which the power, progress, and resources of the French nation were exhibited in the most animating point of view—the motion was put and negatived.

British accounts say, that the preparations making in France for embarking an army are great beyond all example.

CINCINNATI, May 24.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Vincennes, dated May the 14th, to his friend in this place.

A continual correspondence is kept up, between the British commanding officer of Detroit, and the Spanish commanding officer of St. Louis. From letters received from gentlemen, living in the Illinois, dated May 6th, we are informed, that the Spanish express had returned from Detroit, on or about the first inst. and brings information that the British are making great preparations for war at that place: That the militia of Detroit, commanded by the governor of that place, and three regiments of regulars were at Rushdebo, to act in conjunction with the Indians, against Gen. Wayne's army; this information comes from another quarter, by the Indians, and a great many of this river, are gone to join the British standard. About five days ago a man arrived from New-Madrid at this place, and informs us, that that garrison is 200 strong, besides three galleys and three galleons, which had just arrived from New-Orleans with 40,000 dollars, this information is confirmed by letters from Kaskaskias; the Spaniards are in high spirits about the news from Detroit.

Head Quarters, Greenville,

May 17, 1794.

The Commander in Chief is happy in the opportunity, of thus publicly expressing his approbation of the conduct of Lieut. Turner, of the 2d, and Ensign Lee, of the 4th Sub Legions, who with fifteen gallant dragoons charged and defeated three times their number of savages, on the 15th instant; altho' in possession of their choice of ground and flanked with temporary advantage over the final, but the determined van guard, who with their intrepid leader, corporal James Waters of the first Sub Legion bravely fell in defence of the effort.—The Commander in Chief is also much obliged to Lieut. Clarke of the 4th Sub Legion, and the troops under his command for the rapidity of their march to support the van guard; the precipitated flight of the savages, who abandoned all their packs, blankets and provisions, with many of their arms, produces a demonstration that they cannot sustain a determined charge.

LEXINGTON.

SATURDAY, May 31.

Si vulnus tibi, monstrava radice vel Herba Non feret levius, fugeres radice vel Herba

Præficient nithil curatior—Hor. Ep. 2. v. 149. Suppose you had a wound, and one had show'd An Herb which you apply'd, but found no good, Would you grow fond of this, increase your pain And use the poisonous medicine again?

The late appointment of John Jay as Envoy extraordinary to the Court of London, brought so strongly to the recollection of the people of this country, his former iniquitous attempt to barter away their most valuable right, that they could not refrain from openly testifying their abhorrence of the man, whose appointment at this critical period of their affairs, they consider as tragically ominous. Although they had not forgotten, nor even faintly remembered, his former act of treason against them; yet they hoped, from the office he filled, he was in as harmless a situation as he could be placed; and that no effort of power or policy, could drag him forward, so long as he held his office, and felt him once more to chaffering with our rights. With these impressions, a number of respectable Citizens of this place and its vicinity, on Saturday last, ordered a likeness of this evil genius of western America to be made, which was soon well executed. At the appointed hour he was ushered forth from a barber's shop, amidst the shouts of the people, dressed in a courtly manner, and placed erect on the platform of the pillory. In his right hand, he held uplifted, a rod of iron; in his left he held extended, Swifts late speech in Congress, on the subject of British depredation; On one side of which was written *Nemo repente fuit turpissimus.* Juv. Sat. 2 v. 33. No man e'er reached the heights of vice at first. And on the other—*non desinit alter.* Virg. Æn. 6. A Second is not wanting. About his neck was suspended by a Hempen string, "Adams' defence of the American Constitutions;" on the cover of which was written, *Serthere jussit Aurum.* Ov. Ep. Gold bade me write. After exhibiting him in this condition for some time, he was ordered to be guillotined, which was soon dexterously executed, and a flame instantly applied to him, which finding its way to a quantity of powder, which was lodged in his body, produced such an explosion, that after it, there was scarcely to be found a particle of the *dissemblabra Plenipo.*

INDIAN NEWS.

Friday the 23d instant the Indians killed a family about twelve miles from Shelbyville, the woman was tomahawked and scalped, and was not dead on Sunday.

All persons indebted to the Estate of ANDREW GATEWOOD deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against his estate, are requested to bring them in properly authenticated, that provision may be made for payment thereof.

William Gift,
John Kay, & Margaret Gatewood. } Ex.
May 31. (3w).

Three Hundred DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS the common gaol of the county of Richmond State of Georgia, was broke open on the night of the Twenty-sixth of February, 1794, and Beverley Allen, charged with the murder of the late Robert Forsyth, Esquire, escaped therefrom: A number of the citizens of Augusta hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS SPECIE, to any person or persons who will apprehend and secure the said Beverley Allen, in the aforesaid common gaol, in addition to the reward of SEVENTY-FIVE POUNDS offered by his Excellency the Governor, in his proclamation of the 27th ult.

The money will be paid by Mr. McMillan, or producing the Sheriff's receipt for the body of the said Allen.

N. B. The above mentioned Allen, is upwards of 37 years of age, about 5 feet 11 inches high, smooth complexion, his hair rather of a dark colour, and loose about his ears. He is known in Virginia and in all the states to the southward thereof, as a Methodist Preacher.

WAS found in the possession of Joshua Powell alias John Smith, who is now in the public jail in Lexington, committed for felony, and who was apprehended in Hardin county, the following Horses, which are supposed to be stolen, viz. A black horse supposed to be 12 or 13 years old, branded on the near shoulder but not legible, appraised to 71. 10s. and is now in possession of Innes B. Brent, Lexington.

Also, a sorrel Horse about the same age, branded on the near shoulder M, appraised to 61. 10s. and is in the possession of Major Joseph Kirkpatrick on Nolin Hardin county. The owner or owners may get them by applying to the above persons, proving property and paying charges. 13w

TAKEN up by the subscriber, at the mouth of Dick's river, a black HORSE, with a blaze face, some saddle marks, about eight years old, thirteen hands three inches high, has a bob tail, branded on the near shoulder I and something like a diamond; potted and appraised to eight pounds.

Also a dark brown MARE, six years old, about four feet nine inches high, no brand perceivable; potted and appraised to eleven pounds.

ROBERT M'KEY.

April 16, 1794.

WHEREAS my Wite REBECCA HARRISON, during my absence to the settlement last fall, proved incontinent to my bed, and is now removed from my house: This is hereby to forewarn all persons whatsoever from crediting her any thing on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her, contracting.

Robert Harrison.

Philips Caldwell & Co. Have just received and are now opening

A LARGE and COMPLETE Assortment of

MERCHANDISE; Which they are determined to sell LOW for CASH.

They also earnestly request those indebted to them to settle their accounts immediately.

LOST—A small PUP,

OF the Pointer breed, about 2 months old, liver coloured ears, with an oval spot in his forehead, and large spots on his body and shoulders; any one delivering said Pup to the Printer hereof, shall receive two Dollars reward. Lexington, 29th May, 1794. 13w

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

The modest Wife of SUSAN, the Breeches-Maker.

BESIDE a lamp besmeared with oil,
SUE toiling fat for riches:
Her aching heart, a husband fill'd,
Her lap, a pair of breeches.

"Ah me!" with feeble voice she cry'd,
While sighs of rose with stitches;
"Ah me, and must I live a maid,
"And only MAKE the BREECHES!"

"Ye Gods!" then rais'd to heav'n her eyes—
"O grant my wish soon, which is
"A husband young, a kind good man,
"And let me WEAR the BREECHES."

ANECDOTE.

AN Irish peasant was carried before a magistrate on a charge of having stolen sheep the property of Garret Fitz Macice. The Justice asked him "If he could read," to which he answered "a little." "You could not be ignorant then (said Mr. QUINN) that the sheep found in his possession, belonged to Sir Garret, as his brand G. F. M. was on it."—"True," replied the prisoner, but I really thought the letters stood for Good Fat Mutton."

FOR SALE,
TWO TRACTS OF LAND,

PART of my military right, one containing one thousand acres, lying on Green river, about 5 miles above the mouth of Big Barren: the other containing 1,000 acres, lying on boyd's creek, a branch of Big Barren. For terms, apply to William Morton esq. Lexington, or to me, in Woodford.

GEO. MUTER.
May 28, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living near Bourbon Court-house, a bay HORSE, five years old next spring, thirteen hands & a half high, branded on the near shoulder W, and on the buttock M, not docked, has a small star; appraised to fix pounds.

JAMES KENNEY.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Cane run Scott county, a dark mouse coloured Horse, 4 years old, about fifteen hands high, a blaze face, some white on the off hind foot, no brand Perceivable, appraised to 12l.

JOEL WHITE.
March 26.
Agreeable to the last will and testament of Wm. Meriwether dec.

WILL BE SOLD,
to the highest bidder, at Shelby courthouse on the sixteenth day of September next, it being court day, a certain

Tract of LAND,

LYING in said county on Mulberry creek a branch of Brashears creek, containing about 2000 acres. Cash will be expected for one fourth of the purchase money, the other three fourths bond and approved security will be expected by the Executors; the Land will be laid off in small tracts to suit the purchasers.

David W. Meriwether
Wm. Meriwether,
Jas. Meriwether, } Exors.
John Hughes.

Was Lost,
Between this place and Bryan's station, the 24th last April,
A PURSE,

Containing about Ten Pounds Twelve Shillings; the greater part of which was in silver, all but one Guinea, and a five and half Dollar piece. Any person or persons finding said Purse, and giving information to the owner, or the Printer hereof, shall have FIVE DOLLARS Reward by

ROGER PATTON.
Lexington, May 12.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Nelson county, near the head of the East fork of Simpson's creek, a dark sorrel HORSE, four years old, 14 and a half hands high, branded on the near shoulder P and on the off shoulder L, a long star and snip on his nose, some few white hairs all the way from the star to the snip, his off hind foot white, has lost his left eye, part of his mane on the near side has been lately trimmed, low in flesh, not docked but the hair of his tail has been scraped, appraised to 8l.

JOHN HUSTON.
April 18, 1794.

WILDERNESS.

A LARGE COMPANY will start from the Crab-orchard through the Wilderness, on the first of June.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, a bay Horse, 5 years old, 4 feet 6 inches high, some white on the off fore foot appraised to 9l.

JOSEPH HELPS.
March 20, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Polley's Bent on Kentucky, Mercer county, a chestnut sorrel Mare, 6 years old, 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock as, shod all round, appraised to 7l.

George Wm. Downs.
March 25, 1794.

FOR SALE
Twenty thousand Acres of MILITARY LAND,

FOR which a general warranty will be given: lying on the waters of Big Barren river, Green river waters and Cumberland, and in Logan and Green counties; the whole will be sold or divided so as to suit the purchasers, horses, cattle, negroes and cash will be received in payment; those who may incline to purchase will know the terms by applying to the subscribers in Mercer county near Harrodsburgh.

EDM: ROGERS.
ABRAM CHAPLIN.

Writing & Wrapping PAPER,

For sale at this Office by the Ream.

Just Published,
AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

A Reply to a Narrative of Mr. Adam Rankin's Trial,

It contains 71 pages octavo;—Price 1s 3d. single, or 12s per dozen.

ADVERTISEMENT.

BOURBON FURNACE, March 26, 1794

WANTED,
A NUMBER of hands to cut Cord Wood at the above Furnace, to whom will be paid two shillings and six pence per cord in Cash.

Flaked Castings are to be sold at the above place at 45l. per ton, Open Sand Castings at 40l. per ton. Any gentlemen or merchants may be supplied by giving a short notice with good allotments of pots from one to twelve gallons; dutch ovens of several sizes; salt and sugar kettles of several sizes; dog irons of four sizes; flat irons and skillets &c. &c. Cash, bacon or good young cattle will be taken in payment for castings. For further particulars apply to

JOHN MOCBEE,
For John Cockey Owings & Co. N. B. Any person desirous to hire negroes to cut cord wood, or work at other business at the above place, may depend on having them well treated. H. E. subscriber requests all those who are indebted to him either by bond, note, or book account, to call and settle before the first of April next—by a ready compliance with this request, they may obtain a future credit.

James H. Stewart.
He has now on hand a handsome assortment of
DRY GOODS, HARD WARE, CUTLERY, GROCERIES & QUEENS WARE;
Which he will sell on the most reduced prices.

The subscribers have received a large assortment of
MERCHANDISE,
which they mean to sell low for CASH.

Seitz & Lawman.
They have on hand a few German Almanacs.
Lexington, March 7.

THE BEAUTIFUL THOROUGH BREED HORSE
AFFRED,

WILL stand the ensuing season at Lexington on every Monday and Tuesday; the rest of the week at my stable in Woodford county; and will cover Mares at a guinea cash, or six dollars, payable in any species of country produce at the Lexington market price, and deliverable at my distillery in said town of Lexington or Woodford.—Cash to be paid at the expiration of the season; the produce on or before the first day of December following. There will be excellent pasturage provided for the mares sent to my farm gratis, the greatest attention paid to them, but I will not be answerable for escapes or other accidents.

PEYTON SHORT.
Feb. 1, 1794.

An active Lad, between the age of thirteen and sixteen years, who can write a fair hand and spell well, and who can come well recommended, will be taken as an

APPRENTICE
To the
Printing business,
By
The PRINTER hereof.
Lexington, March 8.

BLANKS
Of all kinds for sale at the Printing Office.

COWS & CALVES.

The subscribers will give MERCHANDISE for good second rate COWS and CALVES, to be delivered at Tate's creek Mills on the 15th day of May next

Elisha Winters & Co.

Feter January junr. & Co.
Have received a quantity of
GOODS,
Which, with what they have hands, form a
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

ALSO
A few copies of
Prophetic Conjectures
On the FRENCH REVOLUTION, and other recent and shortly expected events.

Lexington, May 14.
At a Court of Quarter Sessions held for Scott county on Tuesday the 22d day of April, 1794.
Harry Innis esq. Complainant.

Against
Ann May, John May, and Polley May dees of John May dec. Robert Johnson, John Craig and Adam M^{rs} Connell.

In Chancery.

THE defendants Ann May, John May and Polley May not having entered their appearance agreeable to Law, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are no inhabitants of this State: on the motion of the complainant by his council, it is ordered, that the said defendants Ann, John and Mary appear here on the first day of the September term next, and answer the said Complainant's bill, and that a copy hereof be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the door of the Courthouse for this county.

A copy, to wit,
John Hawkins, C. C.
For Sale

THE place whereon I now live, containing 34 acres of land, lying on the waters of Glens creek, about 6 miles from Frankfort, on which is a valuable grist-Mill, and Still House, and two comfortable Cabins. The whole composes a beautiful seat, which will be sold for Cash.—For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

GEORGE STEVENSON.
May 20, 1794.

Notice.

THE Trustees of the Town of Lexington will proceed to lay the Tax for the present year, (according to the assessment made) on the first Monday in June next, at Megowan's, at which time and place, all those who think their property is rated too high by the assessors, are desired to attend.

By order of the Board.
ROBERT MEGOWAN, Ch.

pro tem.
May 19, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber living near Henry's mill, one brown bay HORSE, 12 years old, 13 and a half hands high, no brand, appraised to 4l. 10s.

Arthur Points.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, a bay horse, 12 years old, with a star and snip, crest-fallen, no brands perceivable, appraised to 6l.

Joseph Linton.
Washington, March 6, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Madison county near Boonborough, a gray mare 4 years old, 4 feet 6 inches high; appraised to 6l. 15s.

JOSEPH WILLIAMS.
February 4, 1794.